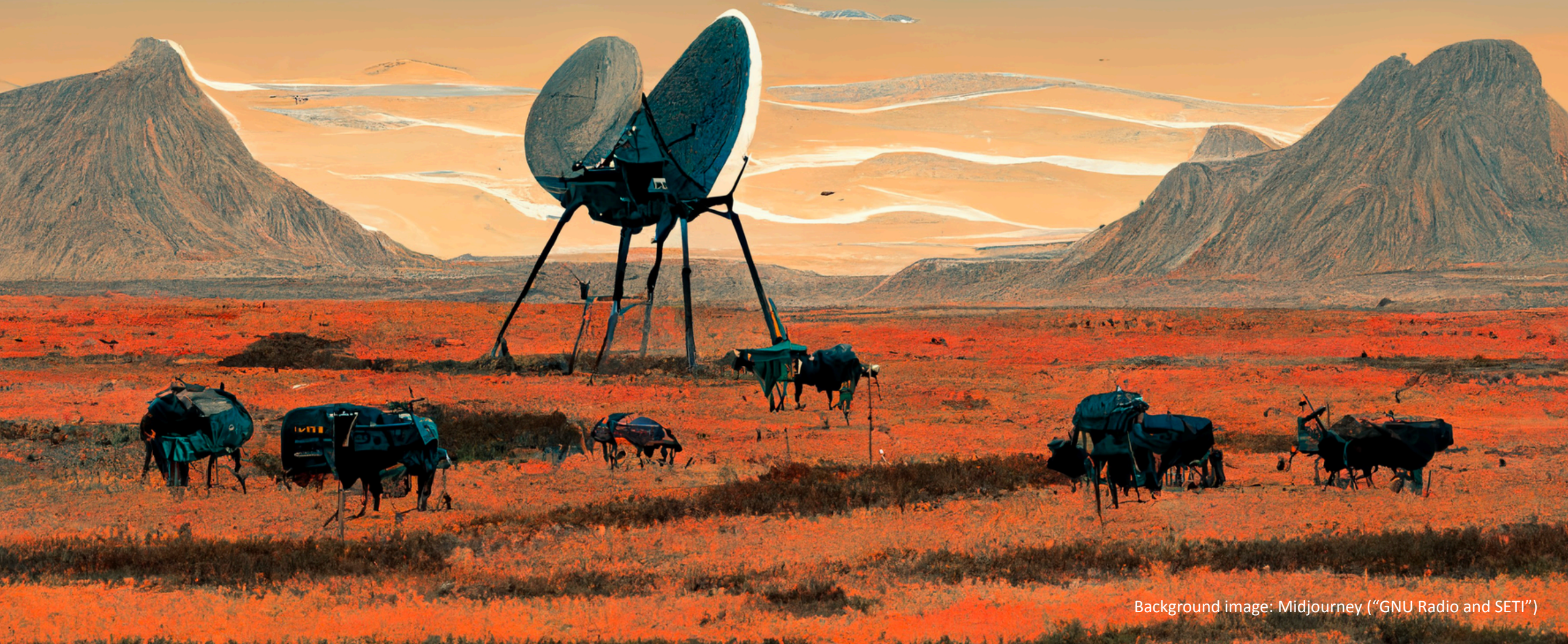


GNU Radio and SETI

Steve Croft

UC Berkeley / SETI Institute



Background image: Midjourney ("GNU Radio and SETI")

19-20 Dec 1958

National Academy of Sciences
2101 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington 25, D. C.

SPACE SCIENCE BOARD

Meeting on the Problems of
Detecting Extraterrestrial Life

Massachusetts Institute of Technology
December 19 and 20, 1958

Participants:

Cowie	Hartline	Miller	Vishniac
Davies	Kamen	Rossi	Billings
Derbyshire	Levinthal	Schmitt	Freeman
Doty	Luria	Sistrom	Young
Gold	MacNichol	Townsend	

Meetings: Problems of De-
tecting Extraterrestrial
Life: Cambridge (Mass)

SEE: ADM: ORG: NAS: Space Sc B
Requests for Support: Pro
posals: Stanford U: Extra
terrestrial Contamination
& Detection of Life on
Other Planets: Lederberg
1959: 13 Apr



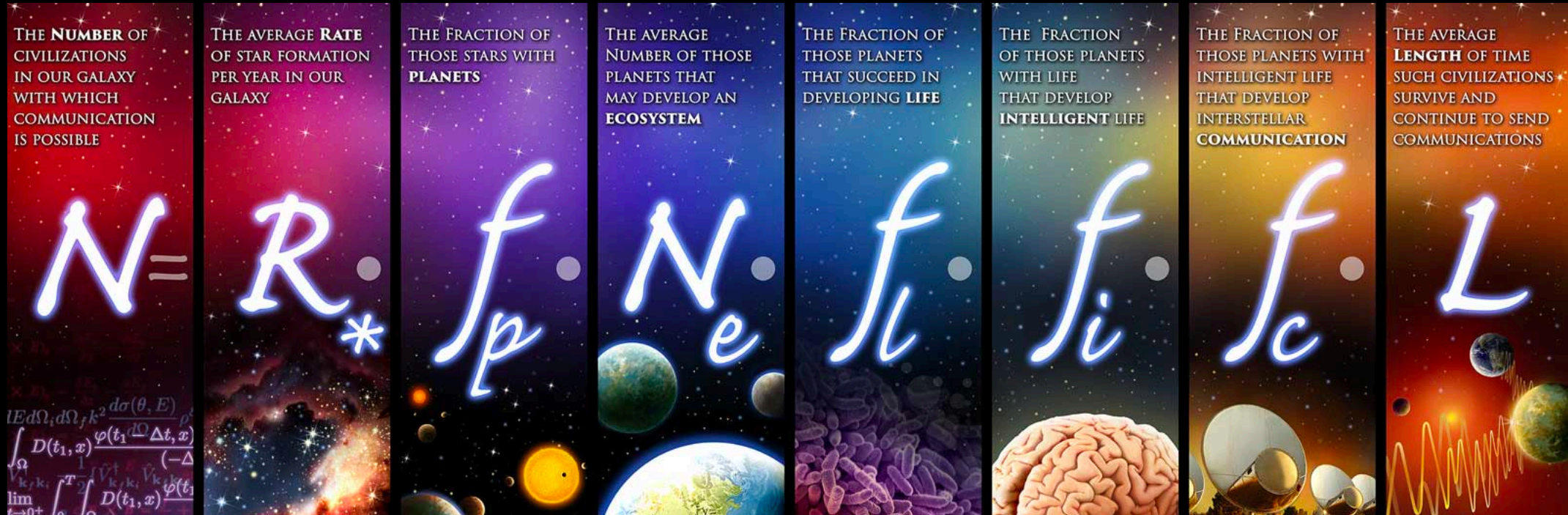
1-9-59
85' SCOPE



Frank Drake
1930 - 2022

A Roadmap for Astrobiology

The Drake Equation:



Technological civilizations

Stars

Planets

Habitable Worlds

Life

Intelligence

Technology

Duration

Planets are *Everywhere!*

The background is a deep blue space filled with stars. A large, bright orange star is on the right. Several planets are shown: a red one, a blue one, a green one, and a brown one. Some are on orbits around the star, while others are floating in space. The overall scene is a representation of a diverse planetary system.

Kepler Mission Taught Us That:

Every star in the sky has one or more planets

The majority of planets fall between Mars and Neptune in size – like Earth

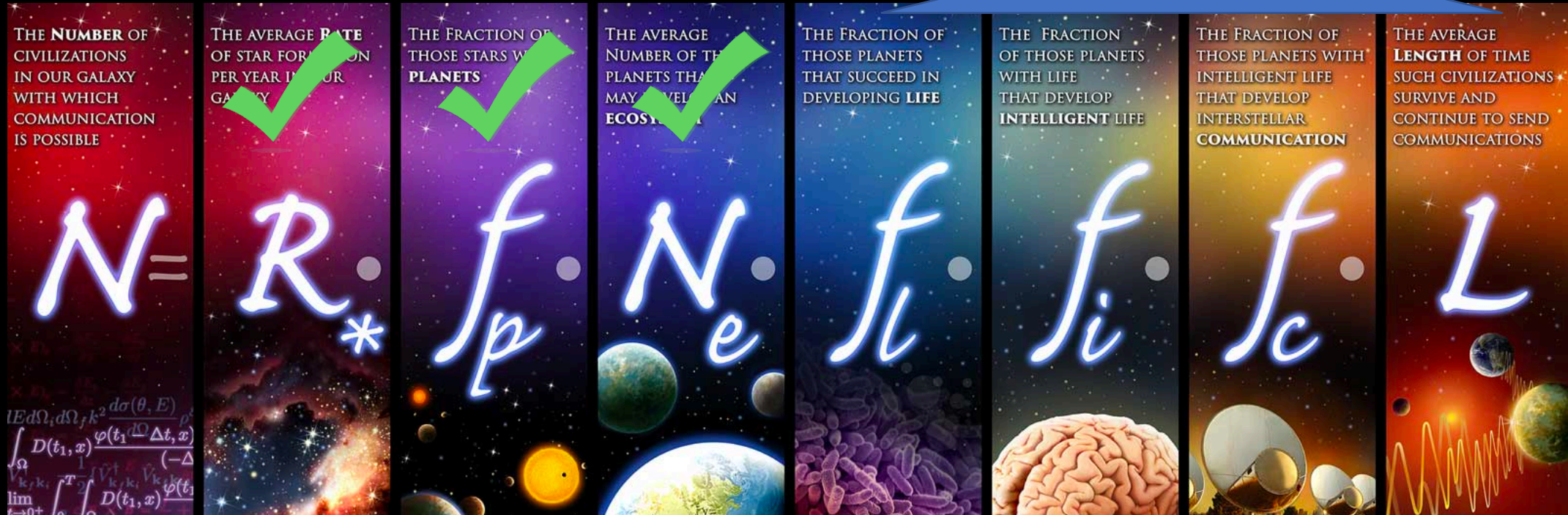
Approximately 20% of all planets are rocky, earthlike, habitable-zone worlds

This means potentially **10 to 60 billion** earthlike, habitable-zone planets in our galaxy alone

So How Much Do We Know?

?

The Drake Equation:



Technological civilizations

Stars

Planets

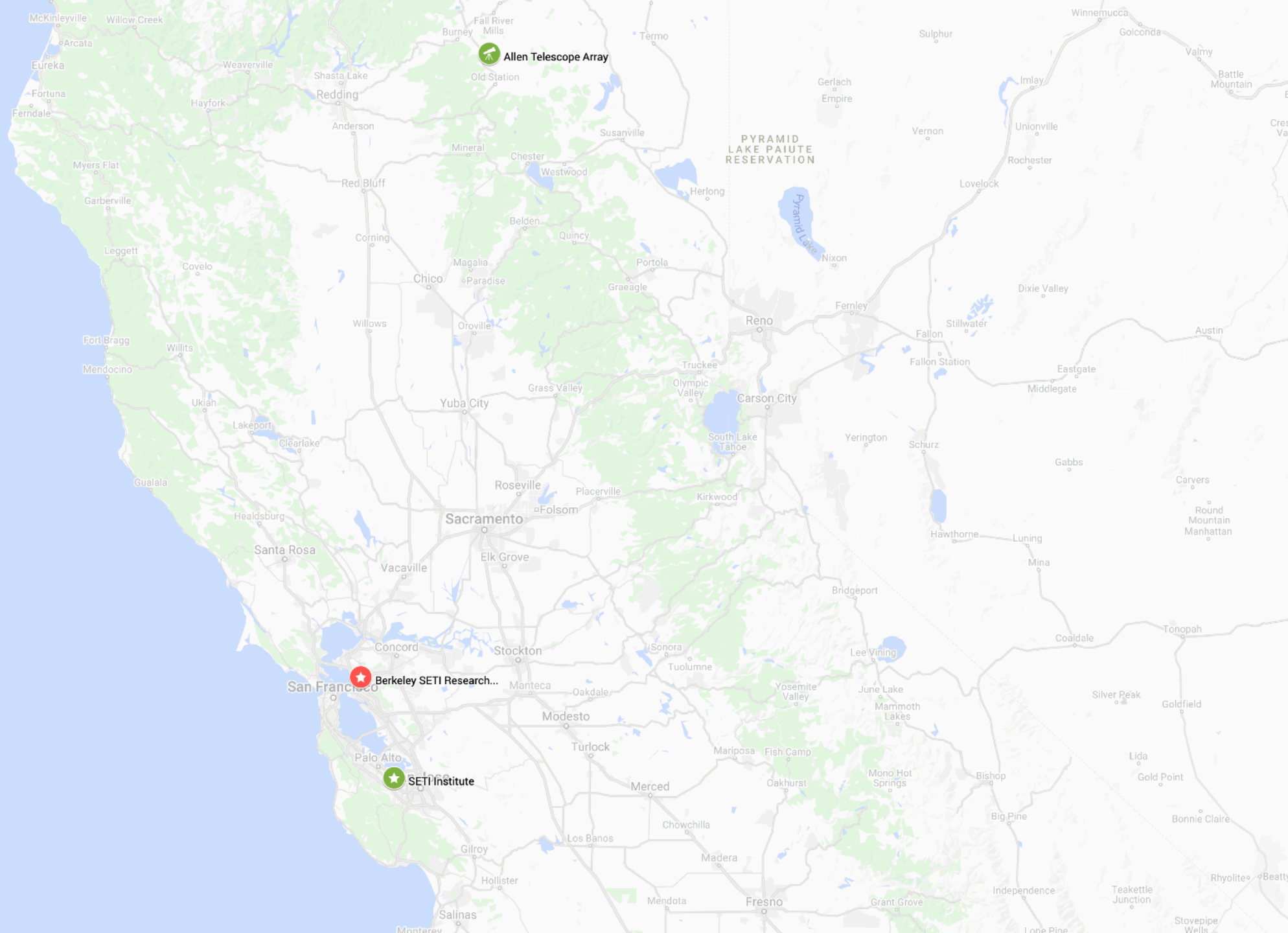
Habitable Worlds

Life

Intelligence

Technology

Duration



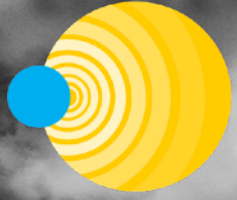
Allen Telescope Array

PYRAMID LAKE PAIUTE RESERVATION

Berkeley SETI Research...

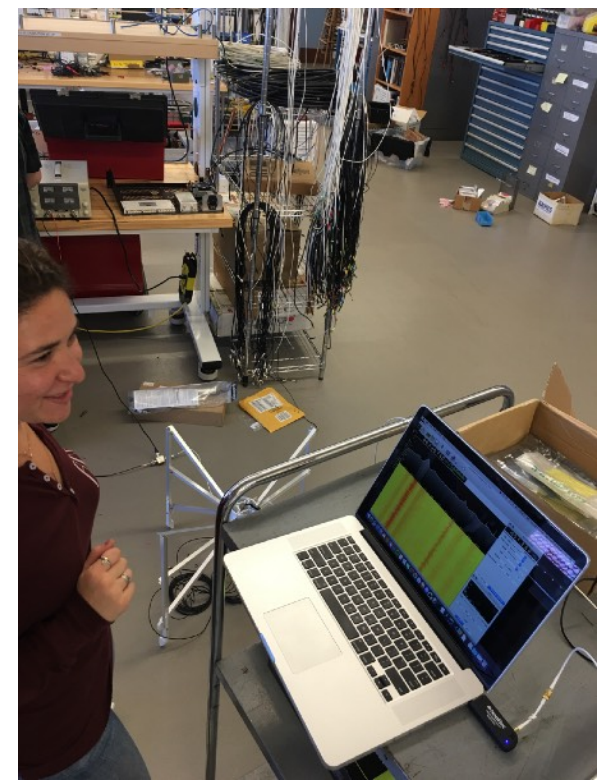
SETI Institute

BREAKTHROUGH LISTEN



BERKELEY SETI
RESEARCH CENTER





BERKELEY SETI
RESEARCH CENTER

BREAKTHROUGH
LISTEN



seti.berkeley.edu/Internship.html





The SETI Institute

Our Mission:

To lead humanity's quest to understand the origins and prevalence of life and intelligence in the Universe and share this knowledge to inspire present and future generations

Are we alone?





**SCIENCE
QUESTIONS**

How does the universe work? How did we get here? Are we alone?

Big Questions

How does the universe work?

How does the universe work? Understanding the universe's birth and its ultimate fate are essential first steps to unveil the mechanisms of how it works. This, in turn, requires knowledge of its history, which started with the Big Bang.

How did we get here?

How did we get here? In order to understand how the universe has changed from its initial simple state following the Big Bang (only cooling elementary particles like protons and electrons) into the magnificent universe we see as we look at the night sky, we must understand how stars, galaxies and planets are formed.

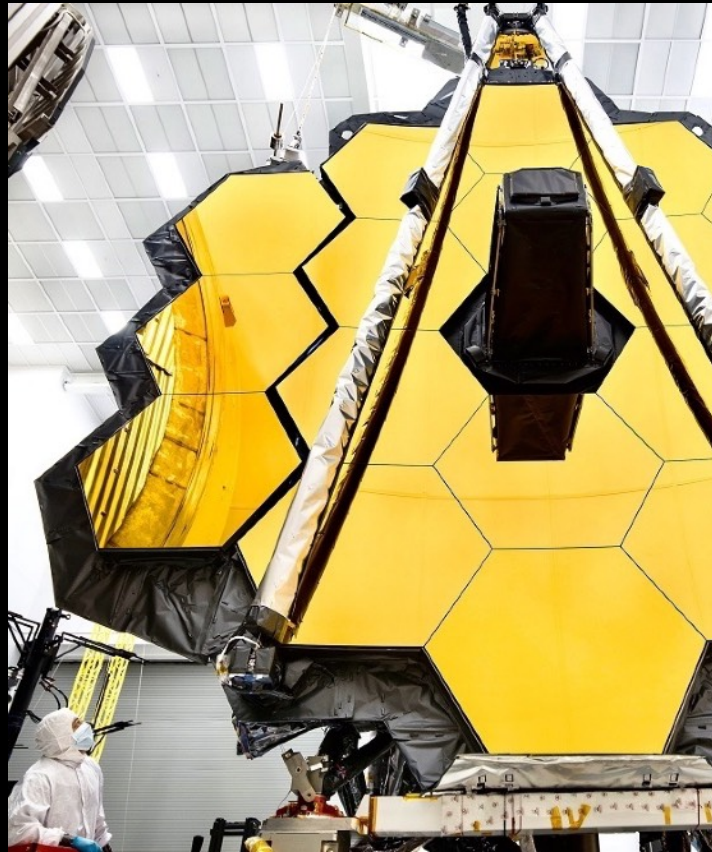
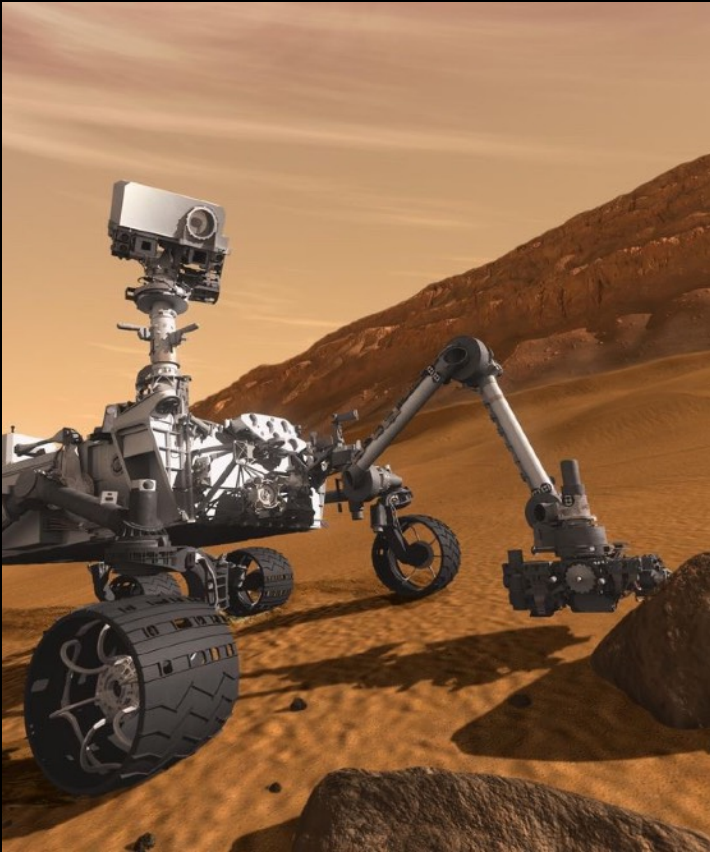
Are we alone?

Are we alone? For millennia, people have turned their eyes to the stars and wondered if there are others like themselves out there. Does life, be it similar to our own or not, exist elsewhere?



**NASA
Wants to
Know...**

And Now – For The First Time...



We have the Tools & Technology to Find Out!



Organization

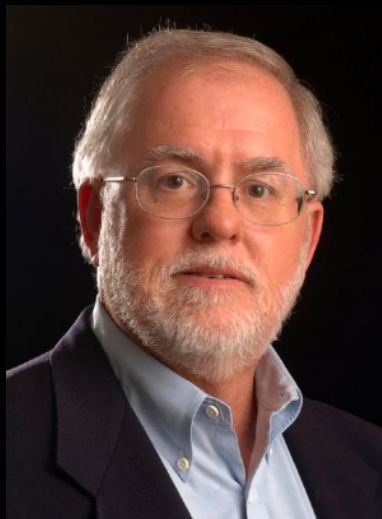
Research - To Explore
Education - To Inspire
Outreach - To Engage



Institute Facts and Figures



Founded in 1984 by Jill Tarter and Tom Pierson at the NASA Ames Research Center
More than 90 PhD Research Scientists and 50 Research Affiliates
10 Professional Staff in Education, Communications and Outreach
126 Total Staff, Headquartered in Mountain View, CA
~ \$25M Annual Operating Budget
~ 85% of funding from Federal grants and contracts



Serve as prime contractor to NASA for Planetary Protection
Manage and Operate the Allen (Radio) Telescope Array (ATA) in Northern California
Administer and Manage Education Programs in Partnership with NASA and NSF
Develop Formal and Informal Curriculum Materials for Education Programs
Actively Engage in Public Outreach to Share Our Science with the General Public



Bill Diamond
President and CEO



Bruce Campbell
Chief Financial Officer



Steve Bourdow
Director of Development



Debbie Kolyer
Director of Grants
Administration



Ly Ly
Director of Communication
Services



Rebecca McDonald
Director of Communications



Steve Brockbank
Director, Information
Technology, Security, &
Facilities



Nathalie Cabrol
Director of the Carl Sagan
Center



Pamela Harman
Director of Education



Arminé Saroian
Director of Human Resources



Andrew Siemion
Director of SETI Research

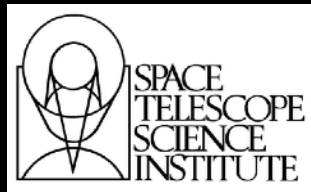


Seth Shostak
Senior Astronomer



Simon Steel
Senior Director of Education
and Outreach

Funding Sources, Collaborators, Partners



A Structured Approach

One Question

Three Domains

Six Disciplines

Are We Alone
In the
Universe?

Structure of the
Universe



Planets and
Habitability



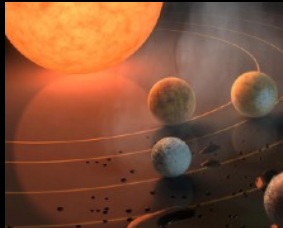
Life, Complexity
& Intelligence



Astrophysics
Exoplanets



Planetary Exploration
Astrobiology
Climate & Geoscience



Radio and Optical
Technosignatures



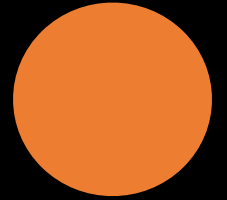
What we do

Research Across the natural sciences:

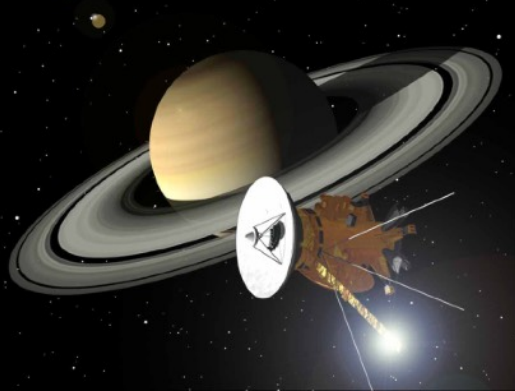
- NASA Science Mission Support
- Field Expeditions
- Laboratory Research
- Ground-based Observations – Radio/optical
- Space-based Observations – Hubble, Kepler, TESS...
- Technology and Instrumentation Development
- Advanced data analytics and data management

We explore to understand :

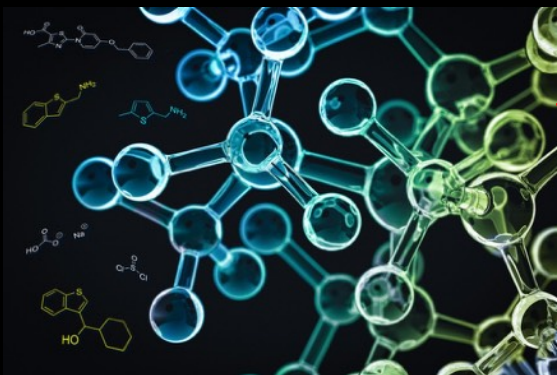
- Stellar and planetary evolution
- Planetary environments and habitability
- The nature and origins of life
- The evolution of intelligence and technology



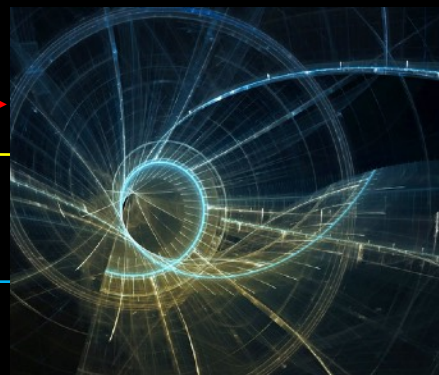
A Day at the Office...



Chemistry



Physics



Biology



Astronomy



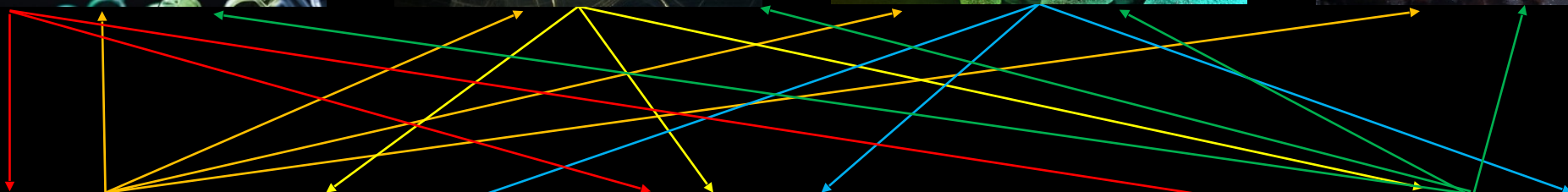
Geology



Climate Science



Planetary Science





www.seti.org/gnu-radio-and-seti





[Wiki Home](#)
[GNU Radio Website](#)
[FAQ](#)

[Guides](#)
[Tutorials](#)
[Installing GNU Radio](#)
[Contributing](#)

[Wiki Tools](#)

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[Random page](#)
[Help](#)

[Tools](#)

[What links here](#)
[Related changes](#)
[Special pages](#)
[Printable version](#)
[Permanent link](#)
[Page information](#)

GNURadio@theATA

The Allen Telescope Array (ATA) is a 42-element radio telescope array located in Hat Creek, California, operated by SETI Institute. In an effort to increase accessibility to the array among potential users outside the astronomy community, we are working to integrate the array into GNU Radio software. We plan to start out by connecting USRPs to two ATA antennas and developing control, backend, and beamformer software. In addition to this, we are using a discone antenna connected to a USRP and OmniSig software to analyze radio frequency interference (RFI) at the ATA site.

Contents [\[hide\]](#)

- 1 [General Info](#)
 - 1.1 [GNU Radio Testbed](#)
 - 1.2 [Resources on the ATA and friends](#)
 - 1.3 [Useful Radio Astronomy Tools](#)
- 2 [GNU Radio / SETI Hackathon](#)
- 3 [Connecting to VNC on ATA gnuradio machines](#)
- 4 [Setting up the software](#)
- 5 [Observing with the ATA -- Tutorials linked here](#)
- 6 [Public Data](#)

General Info [\[edit\]](#)

GNU Radio Testbed [\[edit\]](#)

GR-ATA Testbed

Resources on the ATA and friends [\[edit\]](#)

- [The Allen Telescope Array, SETI Institute](#)
- [Welch et al, 2009, The Allen Telescope Array](#)
- [SETI Institute](#)
- [Berkeley SETI / Breakthrough Listen](#)
- [Berkeley SETI blog on Open Data](#)
- [Lebofsky et al, 2019 - Breakthrough Listen public data](#)


Useful Radio Astronomy Tools [\[edit\]](#)

- [Radial Velocity / VLSR Calculator](#) -- good for determining the V_LSR of spectral lines in your data
- [LAB Survey HI Profile Search](#) -- here you can search for HI data given a source's RA, Dec or galactic coordinates. Good if you want to compare the velocity of the HI line that you measure with some preexisting accurate data to ensure your system is working properly.



main 1 branch 0 tags

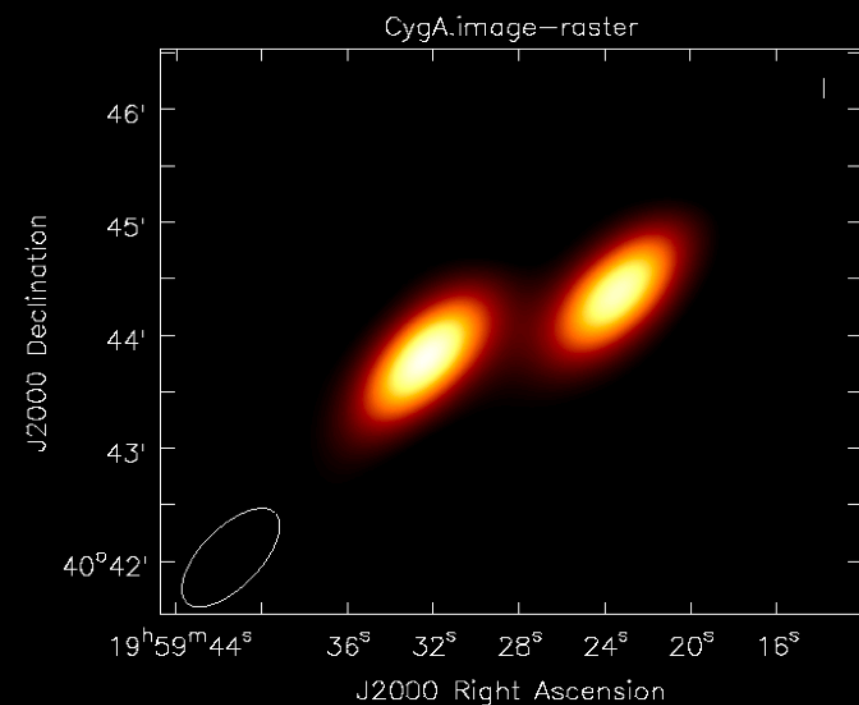
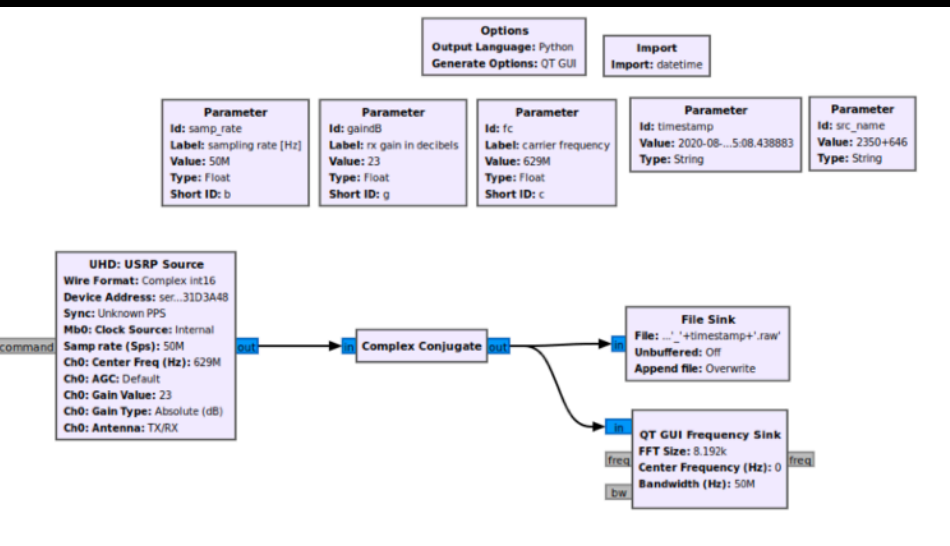
Go to file Code

 daniestevez	Add polyphase filterbank flowgraphs	b02a298 on Aug 7	🕒 11 commits
📁 Hydrogen_line	Add materials for HI line observation activity at ATA		2 months ago
📁 broadcast-fm	Add flowgraphs for broadcast FM and VOR using the RTL-SDR		2 months ago
📁 interferometry	Add interferometry flowgraphs		2 months ago
📁 polyphase	Add polyphase filterbank flowgraphs		2 months ago
📁 python-blocks	Add materials for Python blocks session		2 months ago
📁 spectral-analysis	vor-freq-measurement: fix time axis in some GUI time sinks		2 months ago
📁 vor-freq-measurement	vor-freq-measurement: fix time axis in some GUI time sinks		2 months ago
📄 LICENSE	Initial commit		3 months ago
📄 README.md	Add polyphase filterbank flowgraphs		2 months ago

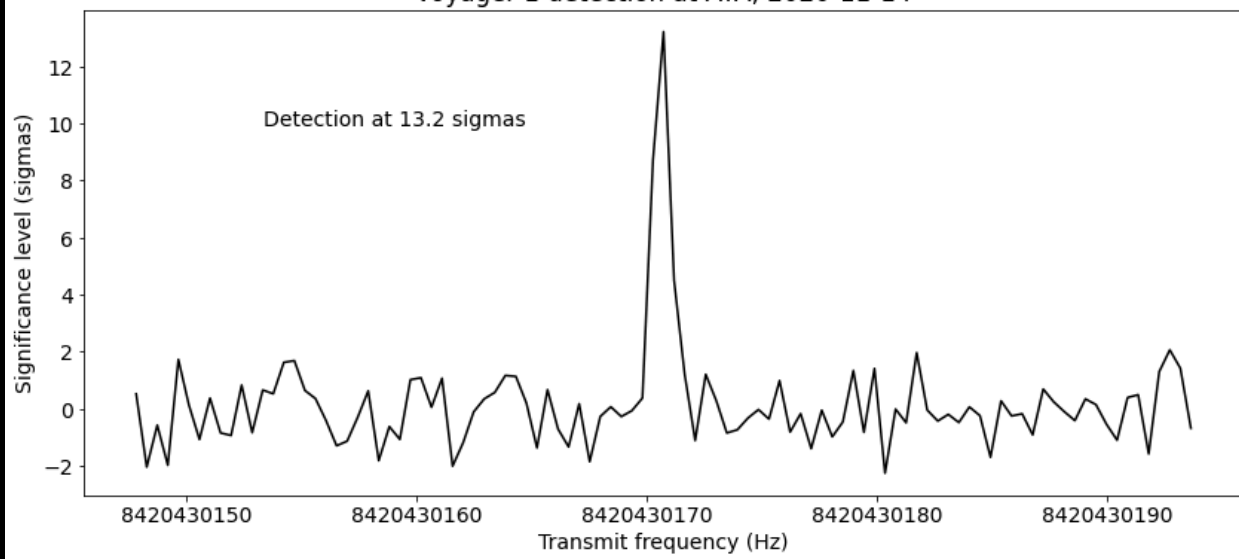
☰ README.md

SETI / Breakthrough Listen REU 2022 materials

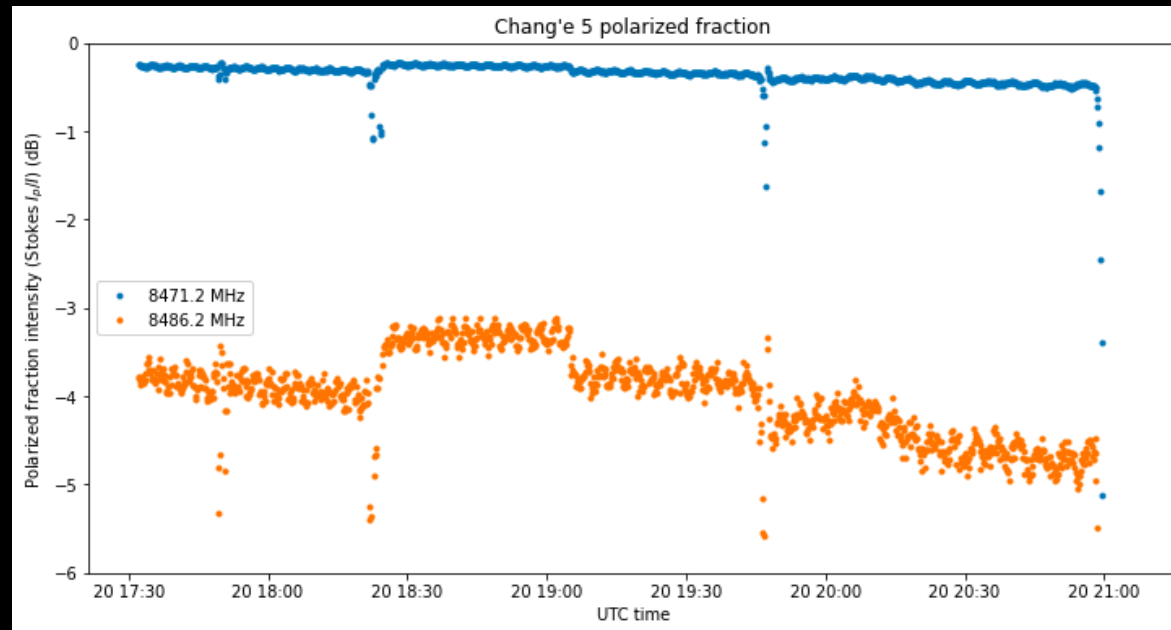
This repository contains miscellaneous materials used with the SETI and Breakthrough Listen Research Experience for Undergraduates summer programs. The material was elaborated in the context of the collaboration between GNU Radio and SETI Institute.



Voyager-1 detection at ATA, 2020-11-14



Chang'e 5 polarized fraction



SETI Institute and GNU Radio Join Forces

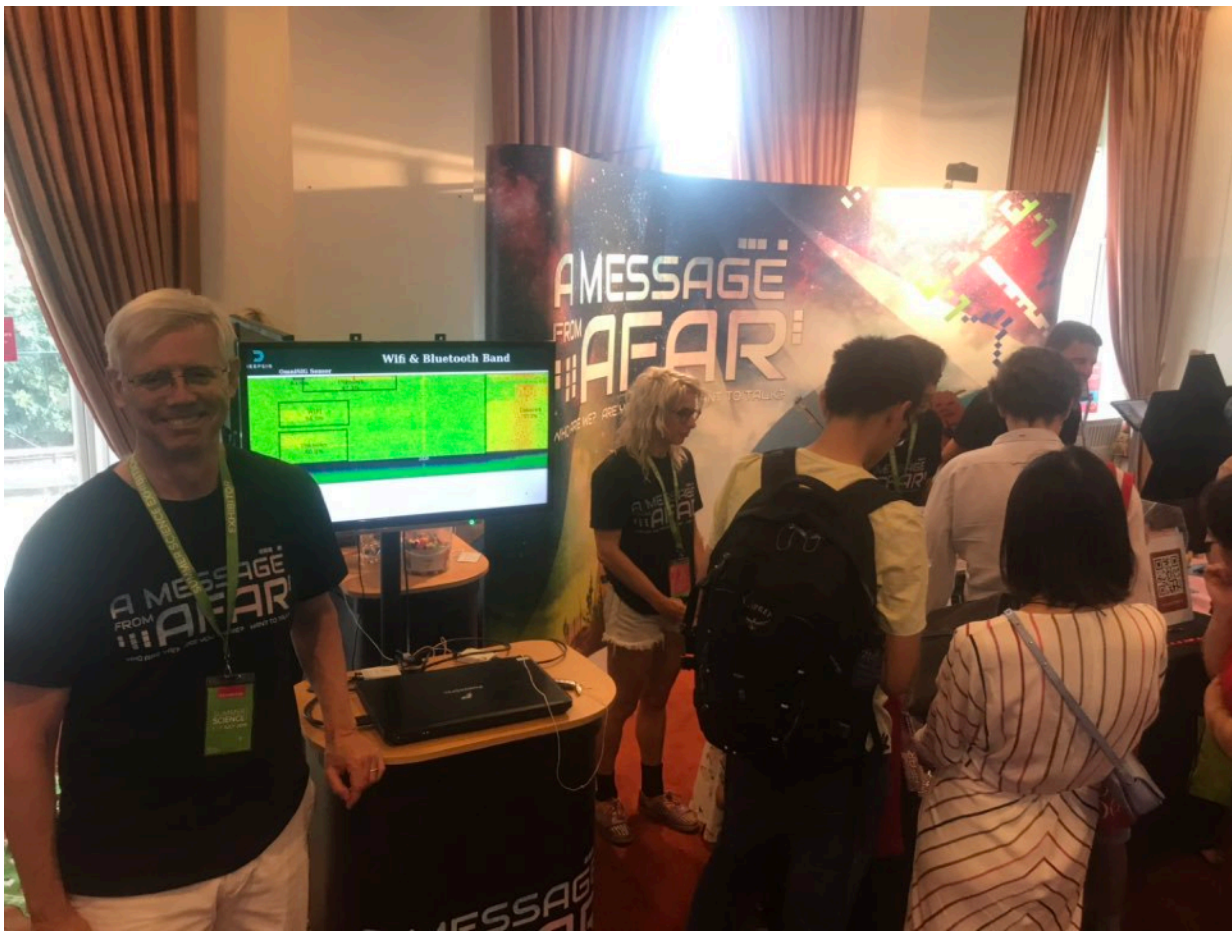
Sep 8, 2020

Tags: [Press Releases](#) , [ATA News](#)
[, SETI Institute](#) , [Partnerships](#)

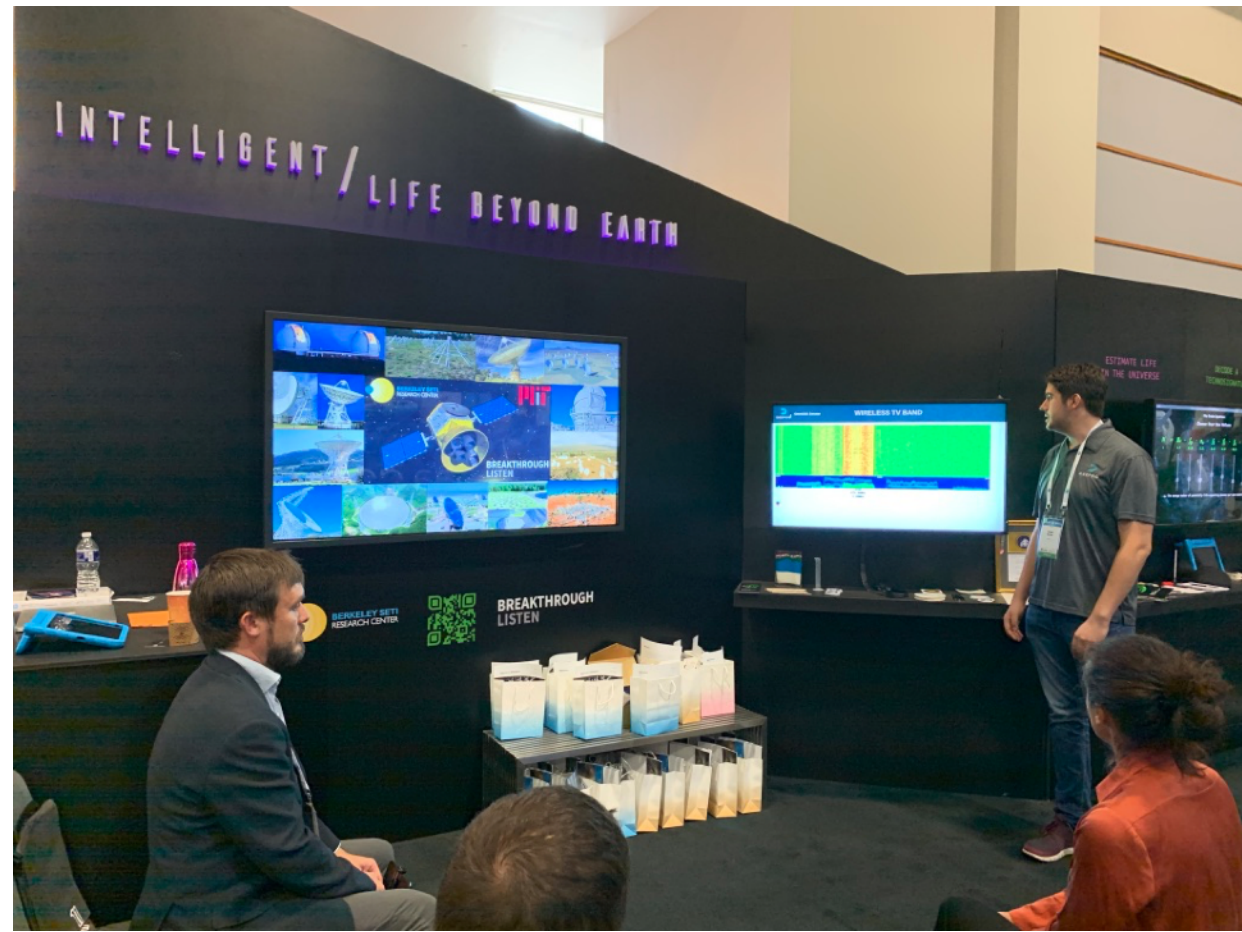


September 8, 2020, Mountain View, CA – The SETI Institute and GNU Radio are officially joining forces to continue work already underway for signal processing at the SETI Institute’s Allen Telescope Array (ATA) at the Hat Creek Radio Observatory (HCRO). This collaboration is an extension of work begun in 2019 to build open-source hardware and software, accessible to both hobbyists and professional SETI scientists, including a GNU Radio module known as gr-ata. Additionally, the SETI Institute will manage contracts and grants for GNU Radio, allowing access to new funding streams to support research and education.

“I first started using GNU Radio as a teaching tool,” said Steve Croft, Community Partnership Scientist on the SETI Institute SETI team. “With \$25 worth of hardware and some free software, someone with a little technical know-how can begin to explore the radio spectrum - picking up and visualizing FM radio stations, decoding transmissions from airplane transponders, or detecting the signal their car key sends to unlock their vehicle. But I soon discovered there was a whole community of people developing and building cutting-edge devices with this technology, and they welcomed me into their collaboration.”



Royal Society Summer Science Exhibition, July 2019



International Astronautical Congress, October 2019



BERKELEY SETI
RESEARCH CENTER



BREAKTHROUGH
LISTEN





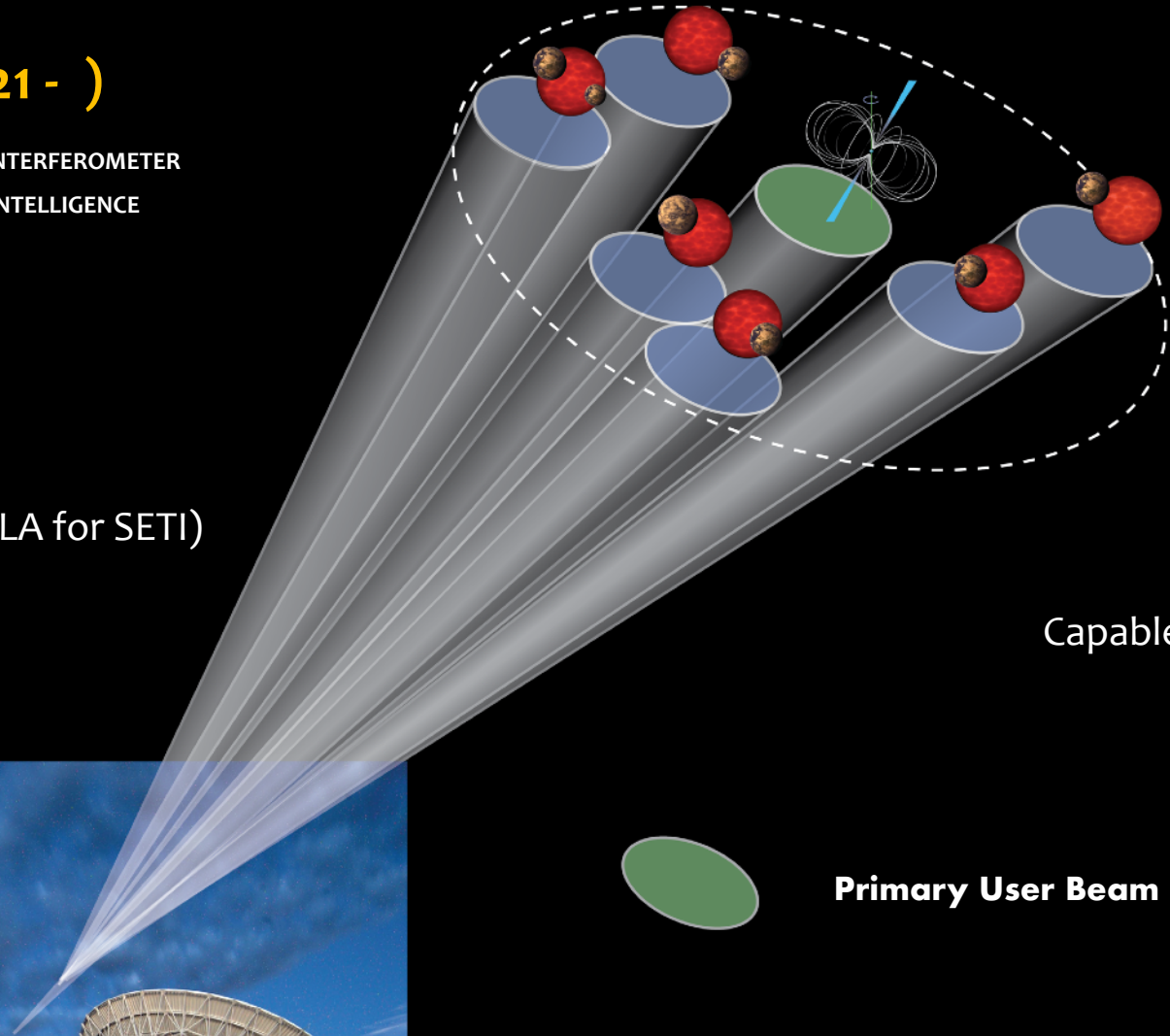
Project COSMIC (2021 -)

COMMENSAL OPEN-SOURCE MULTIMODE INTERFEROMETER
CLUSTER SEARCH FOR EXTRATERRESTRIAL INTELLIGENCE

SETI
INSTITUTE



Jansky VLA (first ever use of VLA for SETI)



Capable of detecting Arecibo radar at 5kpc
(billions of stars)



Primary User Beam



Commensal Beam

Extending our Reach to the World



Big
Picture
Science



'SETI Talks' Lectures



Artists in
Residence



www.seti.org

Education Advantage

Airborne Astronomy
Ambassadors

NASA Program for High School Science
Teachers from Underserved School
Districts - 10 Years and running...

Reaching for the Stars

NASA space science for Girl Scouts
In Partnership with the University of Arizona
and Astronomy Society of the Pacific



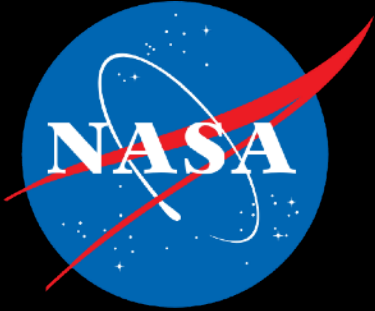
It's All About *IMPACT*

- AAA for Teachers – Over 200 Alumni and > 40,000 learners reached over the past 9 years
- Demonstrated student gains in standards-based learning and improved attitudes towards STEM subjects and careers
- Over 185 Undergraduate Interns over 15 years
- More than 65,000 young girl scouts completing badge programs in the first year of Reaching for the Stars and > 100,000 in year two...
- New partnerships evolving with Cal Academy, Chabot Space Science Center and the Smithsonian Institute



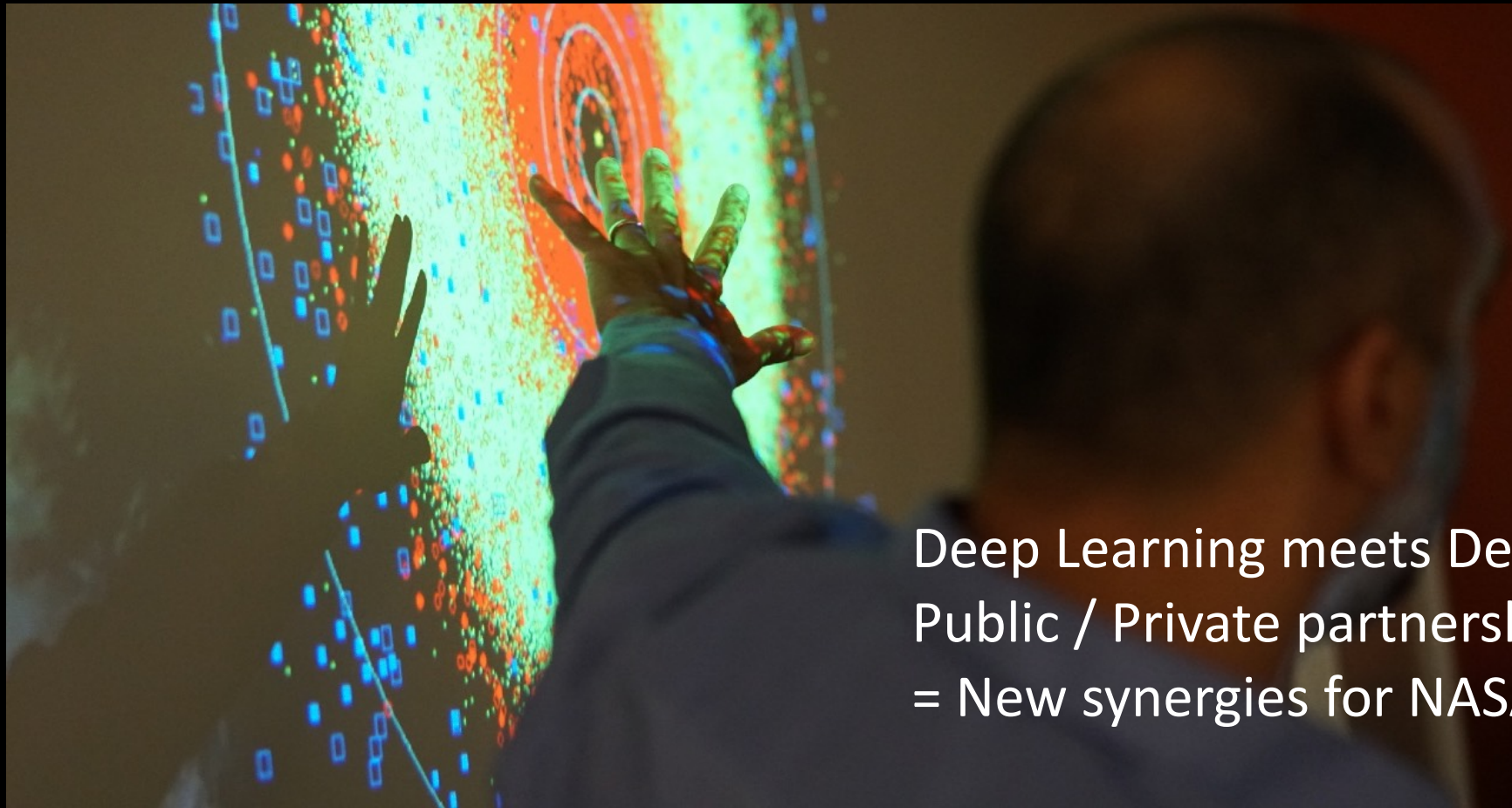


Frontier Development Lab



A Public/Private Partnership for
AI/ML and Space Science

NASA Frontier Development Lab – At a Glance



Deep Learning meets Deep Science +
Public / Private partnership
= New synergies for NASA research

Frontier Development Lab



Mark Cheung, Lockheed Martin – FDL 2019 ‘Big Think’

Conceived by the Office of the Chief Technologist at NASA HQ in 2014/2015 to explore three underlying thesis:

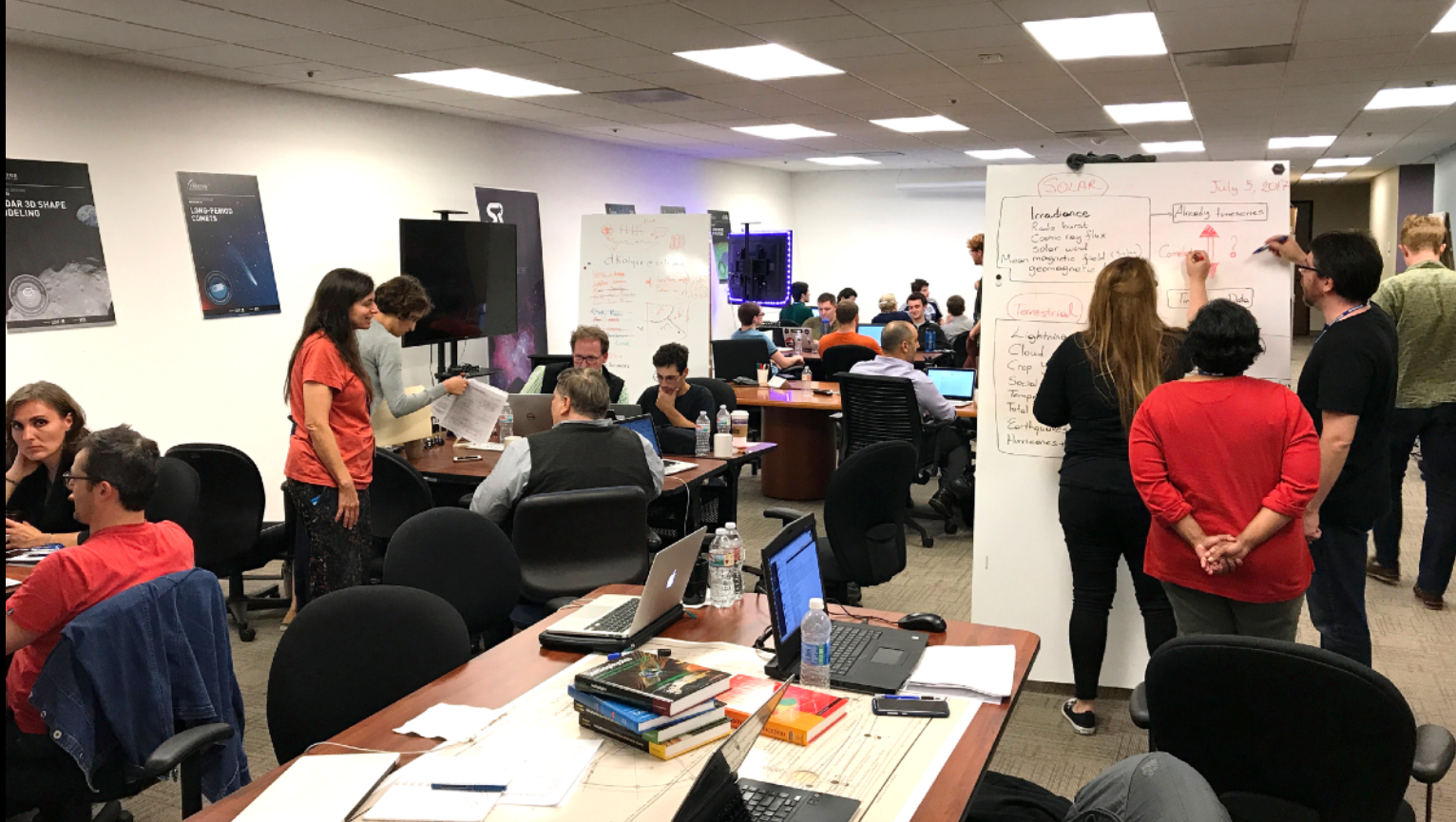
- 1) Applicability of AI and Machine Learning to NASA Research Priorities
- 2) Efficacy of Interdisciplinary Teams Working on Short Time Horizons
- 3) Ability of Public/Private Partnership to Accelerate NASA Objectives – Better, Faster, Cheaper

Who: The Players...

- Early-career PhD's in AI/ML
- Early-career PhD's in Space Research
- AI & Deep Science SME's & Mentors
- NASA Stakeholders
- Industry Partners
- Academia



What: 8-Week Summer Research Accelerator



Interdisciplinary teams leverage the latest GPU & CPU technology and advanced machine learning tools for an intensive summer workshop – supported by subject matter experts from Industry, NASA and the research community

When: Late June to Late August



Week 1: AI Boot camp at
NVIDIA

Week 8: Team Presentations at Intel



Where: Mountain View, California



Why? To Accelerate Discovery & Understanding

Process Improvement:

3D asteroid shape modeling

Discovery:

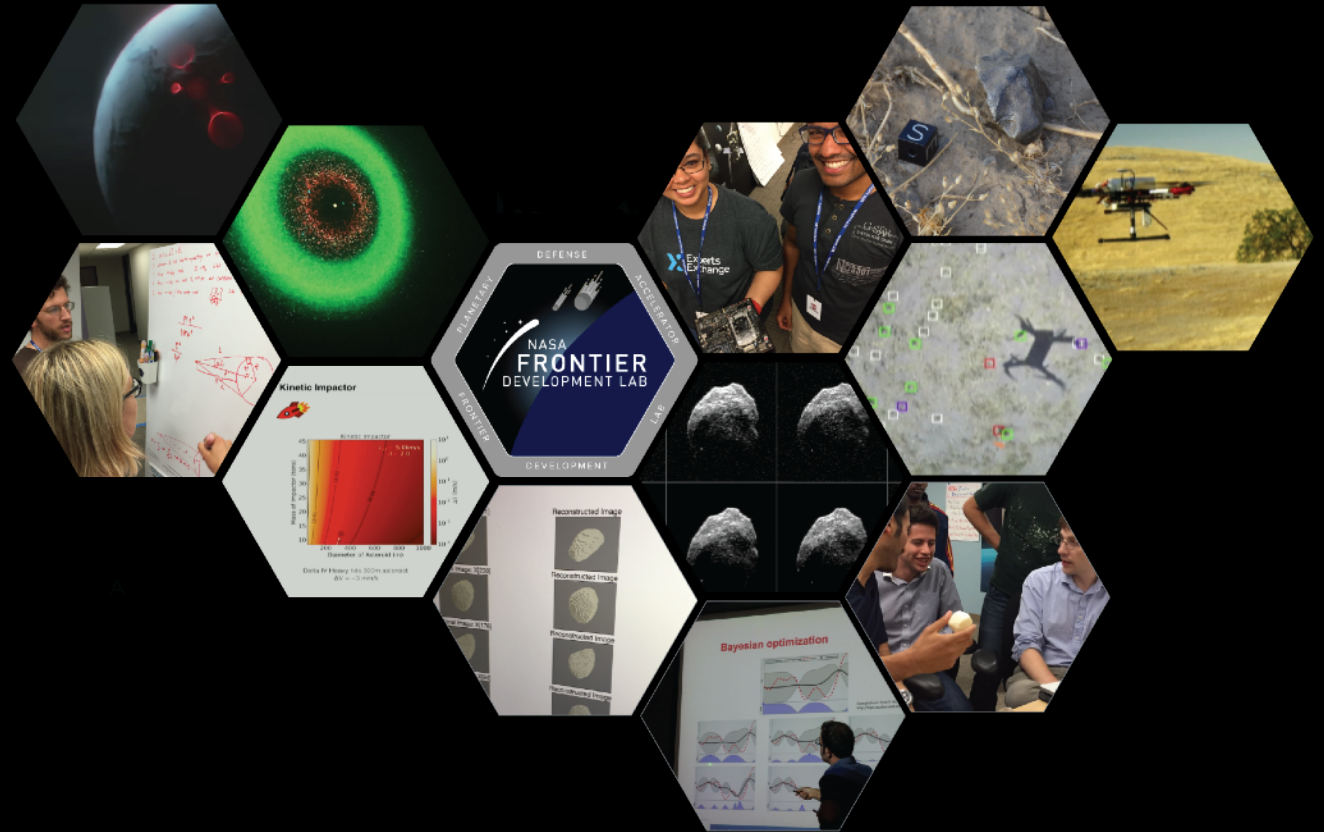
Finding long-period comets

Understanding:

Forecasting solar behavior

Exploration:

Enabling autonomous navigation



Pace of Data Generation Far Exceeds Pace of Data Analysis

Program History and Launch



SETI Institute engaged in 2015 to host & administer FDL due to:

- Institute history supporting NASA research and existing cooperative agreement
- Institute proximity to and relationships with NASA ARC
- Location in Silicon Valley – Key geographic center for AI/ML tools and technology
- Ability to engage private companies to explore partnership opportunities
- Science mentors to support initial FDL investigations into NEO's and Planetary Defense

A cosmic scene featuring a large blue nebula, a smaller planet, and a larger planet with a cracked surface, set against a starry background. The nebula is a vibrant blue and white, with intricate patterns of gas and dust. The smaller planet is a dark, rocky sphere with some lighter patches. The larger planet is a greyish-brown sphere with a cracked, textured surface. The background is a deep blue space filled with numerous stars of varying brightness and colors.

Grant Proposals

NASA TECHNOSIGNATURES WORKSHOP



Houston, Texas
September 26-28, 2018

#technosigs18

H. R. 4346 The CHIPS and Science Act of 2022

(5) **TECHNOSIGNATURES.**—In carrying out the program under paragraph (1), the Administrator may support, as appropriate, merit-reviewed, competitively selected research on technosignatures.



NEXT LAUNCH: 00 D : 05 H : 11 M : 06 S

NASA IS SUPPORTING THE SEARCH FOR ALIEN MEGASTRUCTURES

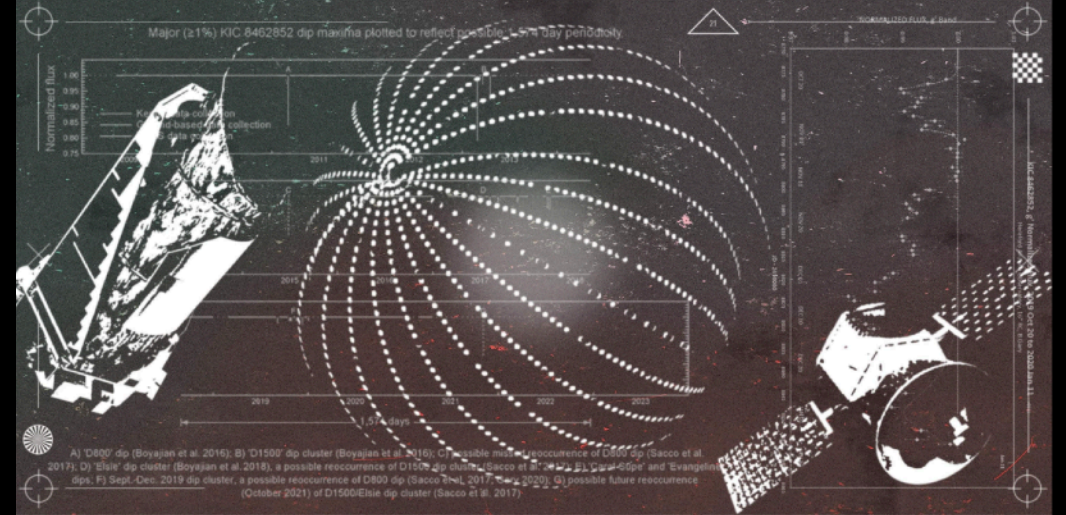
SETI, NASA, BREAKTHROUGH LISTEN

DANIEL OBERHAUS

KAYLA DONLIN

SHARE

JULY 6, 2021 6:00 AM



There is something strange
happening around
Boyajian's star.

Something very strange. The Sun-sized star is located nearly 1,500 light years from Earth in the Cygnus constellation and in 2015, a team of astronomers and [citizen scientists](#) discovered irregular

Amateur Radio Digital Communications

[Welcome](#) [About](#) [Apply for a Grant](#) [News and Updates](#) [44Net](#) [Login](#)

Grant: GNU Radio Usability Enhancements

Date: March 2022

Amount: \$263,011

GNU Radio is a free, open-source software-development toolkit that provides signal processing blocks to implement software radios. GNU Radio is always striving to be accessible to anyone across the globe, regardless of which operating system they are using and how much experience they have with wireless communications and digital signal processing. Historically, Windows operating system users have not had adequate support, despite it being the operating system used by nearly all K-12 students. Increasingly, macOS is becoming the platform of choice for both students and individuals. GNU Radio wants to be more intuitive and make it easier to install third-party modules known as out-of-tree modules (OOTs).

The GNU Radio project has identified a number of improvements to GNU Radio that it hopes will make GNU Radio easier to use, more accessible, and easier to maintain. These improvements are broken down into the following categories:

- Installation of GNU Radio and out-of-tree modules (OOTs)
- Documentation
- Ongoing software maintenance and support
- GNU Radio Companion (GRC)

Are we alone?

A person is silhouetted against a starry night sky, standing on a rocky outcrop and pointing towards the Milky Way galaxy. The sky is filled with numerous stars and the bright band of the galaxy.

Let's Find Out Together!

- Technical development (e.g. ATA)
- Education with GNU Radio
- Frontier Development Lab
- Grants
- etc.