

Haystack GSI:

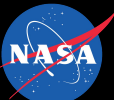
A Satellite Ground Station Interface Built with GNURadio

Michael Gutierrez¹, Maximilian Riccioli², T. Lucas Briggs³, Tobias Gedenk⁴, Frank Lind⁴,
Mary Knapp⁴, John Swoboda⁴, Ryan Volz⁴

¹ California Institute of Technology, ² University of Texas at Austin, ³ Northeastern University, ⁴ MIT Haystack Observatory,



MIT
HAYSTACK
OBSERVATORY







**AERO/VISTA
Introduction**



**Ground
Operations**



**Haystack GSI
Overview**



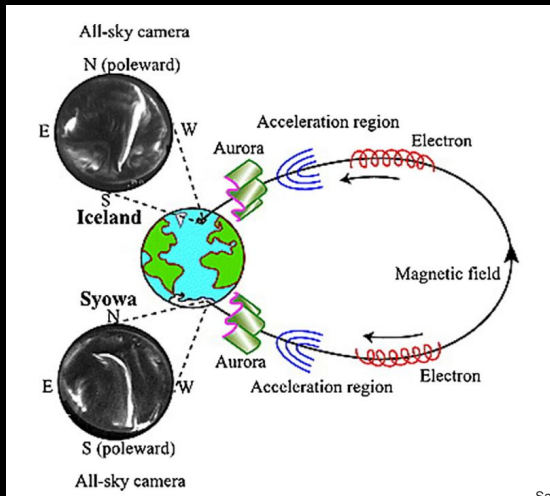
**Routing Data
with GNURadio**



**Future
Development**

Earth's aurora: optical signature

- Electrons channeled into the Earth's atmosphere by strong magnetic fields create electromagnetic disturbances
- Optical emissions at around 150km, caused by electrons colliding with neutral atmospheric particles



Saito, N., Kaborara, A., Ebihara, Y., Deguchi, H., 2005.
Tracing geomagnetic conjugate points using
exceptionally similar synchronous auroras. Geophys.
Res. Lett. 32, 17.

Getty Images



**MIT
HAYSTACK
OBSERVATORY**





AERO/VISTA
Introduction

Ground
Operations

Haystack GSI
Overview

Routing Data
with GNURadio

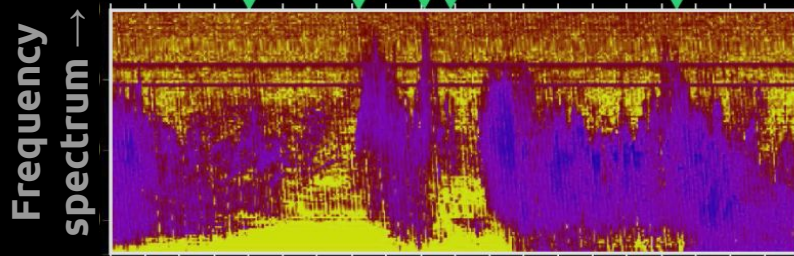
Future
Development

Unanswered questions about Earth's radio aurora

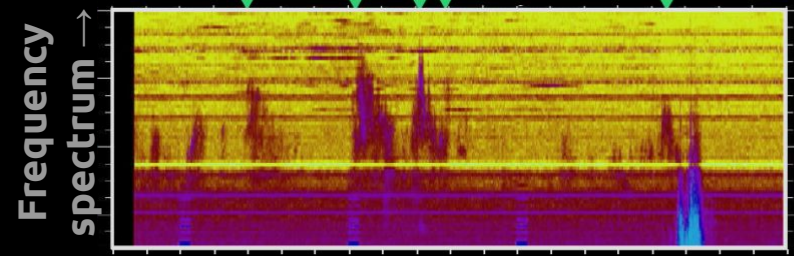
- Radio emissions occur above 500km
- From plasma theory & radio propagation, we don't expect to see radio disturbances <5MHz through the low-frequency-opaque atmosphere... but sometimes, we do

Radio Waves from auroral sources

Recording from space



Recording from ground



Time →

Time →

LaBelle, J., and Anderson, R.R., Ground-level detection of Auroral Kilometric Radiation



MIT
HAYSTACK
OBSERVATORY





**AERO/VISTA
Introduction**



**Ground
Operations**



**Haystack GSI
Overview**



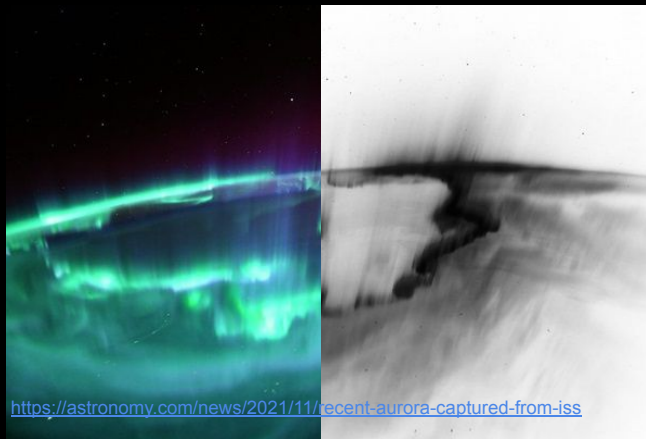
**Routing Data
with GNURadio**



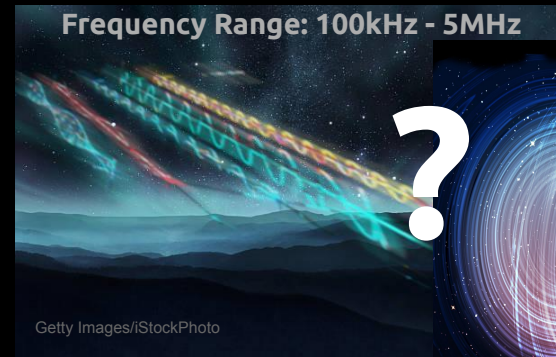
**Future
Development**

How to study these phenomena?

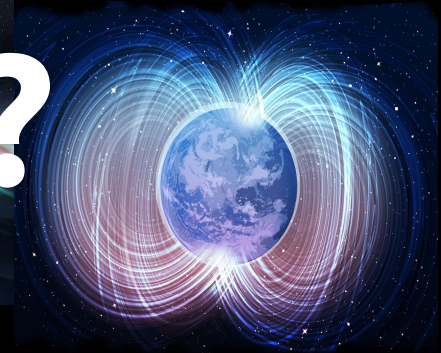
- Where do these emissions come from, and what are their characteristics? Could they be explained by existing theories?
- How can we more directly observe the radio aurora?



Optical aurora



Radio aurora??



<https://www.earth.com/news/earths-magnetic-poles-flip/>



**MIT
HAYSTACK
OBSERVATORY**



**AERO/VISTA
Introduction**

**Ground
Operations**

**Haystack GSI
Overview**

**Routing Data
with GNURadio**

**Future
Development**

The Electromagnetic Vector Sensor

- Satellites above the ionosphere can get us clear access
- Single-element sensing of all six EM vector components; further processing yields polarization and incidence angle
- Allows testing theories of how these emissions are created



dreamstime.com



**HAYSTACK
OBSERVATORY**



Dipole/loop antenna = 1 dimension of data 😊

Slide from Mary Knapp AERO-VISTA presentation 2021

Monopole
2m
Fiberglass Composite Tapes
Rectangular Dipoles (2x)
Horizontal Loop (4X)
CubeSat body:
36 cm x 20 cm x 10 cm
Vertical Loop (4X)
2m

<https://slideplayer.com/slide/15086141/>

- The energy transported through a unit area per unit time is called the intensity:

$$S = \frac{1}{A} \frac{dU}{dt} = \epsilon_0 c E^2.$$

- Its vector form is called the Poynting vector:

$$\vec{S} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} (\vec{E} \times \vec{B}).$$

**Vector sensor antenna =
6 dimensions of data** 😊





AERO/VISTA
Introduction



Ground
Operations



Haystack GSI
Overview



Routing Data
with GNURadio



Future
Development



Auroral
Emissions
Radio
Observatory

Vector
Interferometry
Space
Technology using
AERO



MIT
HAYSTACK
OBSERVATORY





**AERO/VISTA
Introduction**



**Ground
Operations**



**Haystack GSI
Overview**



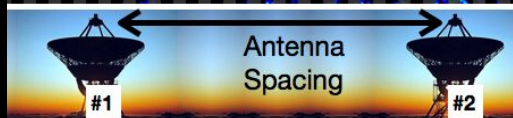
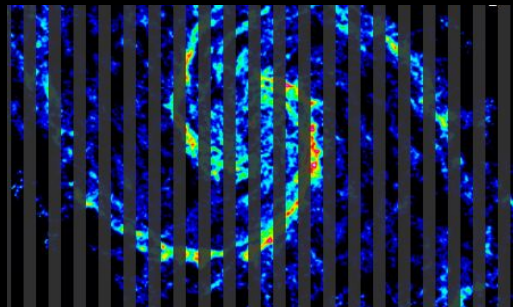
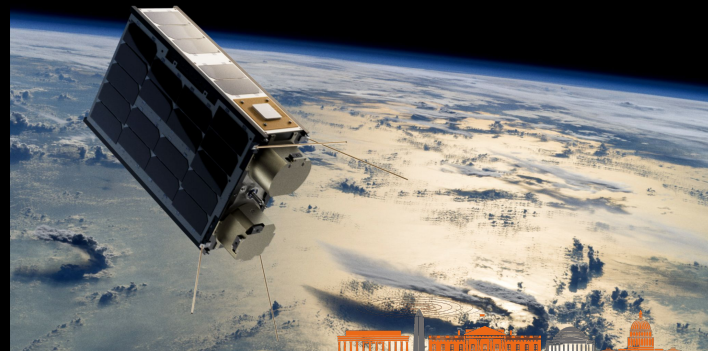
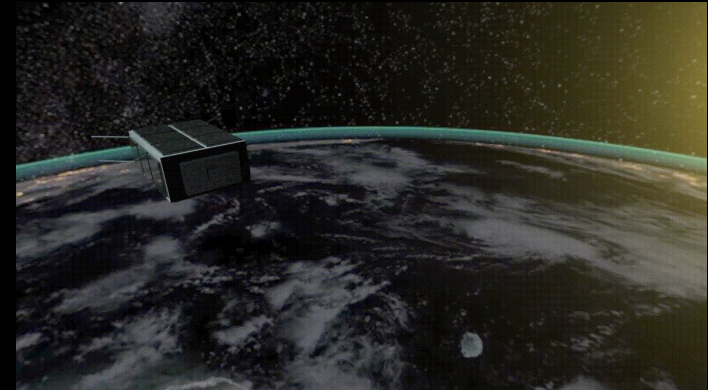
**Routing Data
with GNURadio**



**Future
Development**

The spacecraft

- Twin 6U CubeSats to perform interferometry in space, significantly increasing angular resolution
- Temporal and spatial detail required means the satellites generate intense amounts of IQ data, which will need to be sent to the ground for further processing
- Very limited bandwidth, so satellites need to be selective in sending mission data



<https://astrobit.es.org/2013/04/17/the-whirlpool-galaxy-like-youve-never-seen-it-before/>



MIT
HAYSTACK
OBSERVATORY





**AERO/VISTA
Introduction**



**Ground
Operations**



**Haystack GSI
Overview**



**Routing Data
with GNURadio**



**Future
Development**

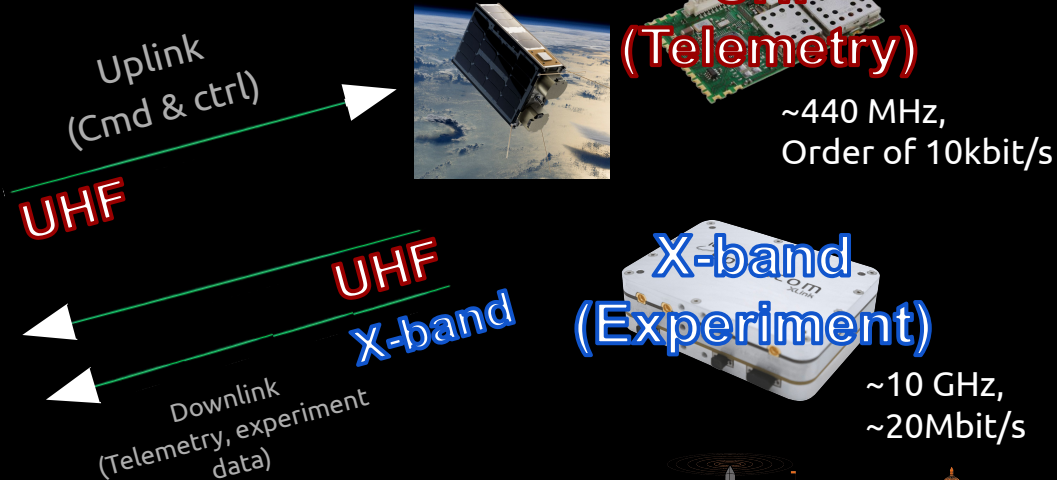
OBJECTIVE #1: We need to talk to the spacecraft.

- Uplink (data to sat): Pings, commands, data acknowledgements; lower-volume command data only
- Downlink (data from sat): Health/status telemetry, experiment data, command acknowledgements; low-volume telemetry and high-volume experiment data

SOLUTION: Use a ground station:



*not the actual ground station



**MIT
HAYSTACK
OBSERVATORY**

AERO/VISTA
Introduction

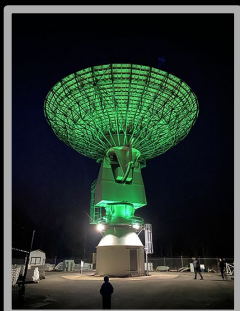
Ground
Operations

Haystack GSI
Overview

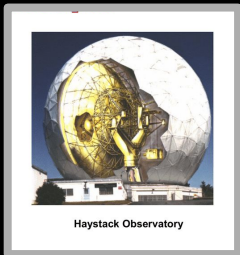
Routing Data
with GNURadio

Future
Development

The Ground Station Hardware

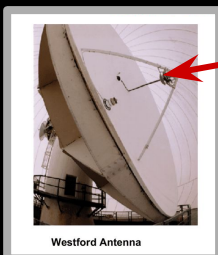


← 21m reflector
@ Morehead
State University

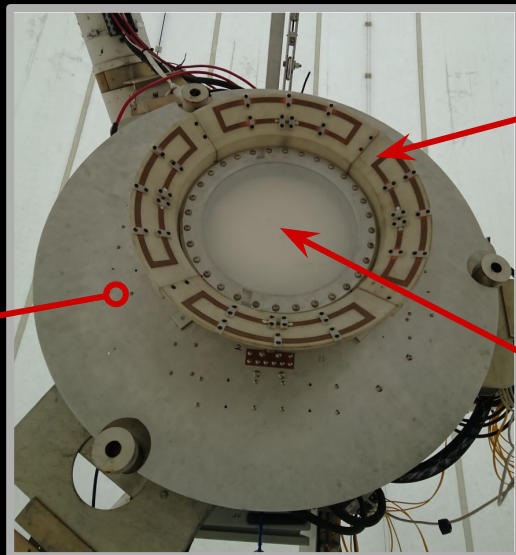


Haystack Observatory

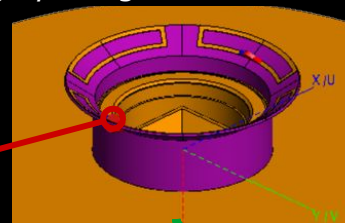
18.6m reflector @
MIT Haystack ↓



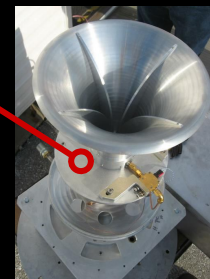
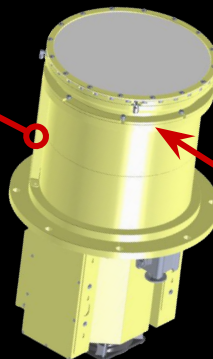
Westford Antenna



UHF Satcom and Radar
Phased Array Feed
(TX/RX digital beamforming)



Ettus N310's



Quad-Ridge
Feed Horn
w/ Cryo LNA
RX only
(2 to 16 GHz)



MIT
HAYSTACK
OBSERVATORY

**AERO/VISTA
Introduction**

**Ground
Operations**

**Haystack GSI
Overview**

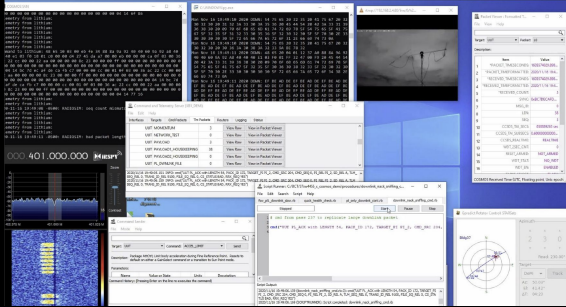
**Routing Data
with GNURadio**

**Future
Development**

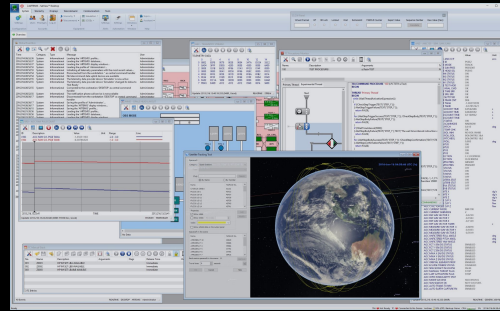
OBJECTIVE #2: We should use a scheduler to smooth the communications process.

- LEO satellite passes only last from 5 to 15 minutes - very limited time to exchange data & send commands
- It's inefficient and unnecessary to have a human manually control low-level communication processes.

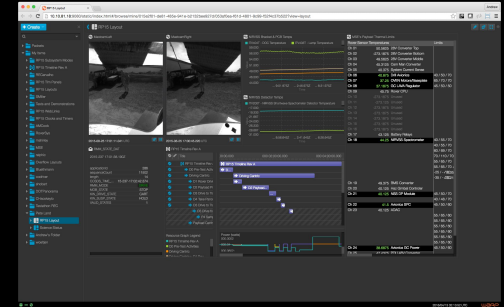
SOLUTION: ??????



One-off mission software solution
(photo credit: MIT DeMi)



Proprietary Tracking Software
\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$



NASA OpenMCT
Only designed for mission ops



No easily configurable pre-built solutions





AERO/VISTA
Introduction

Ground
Operations

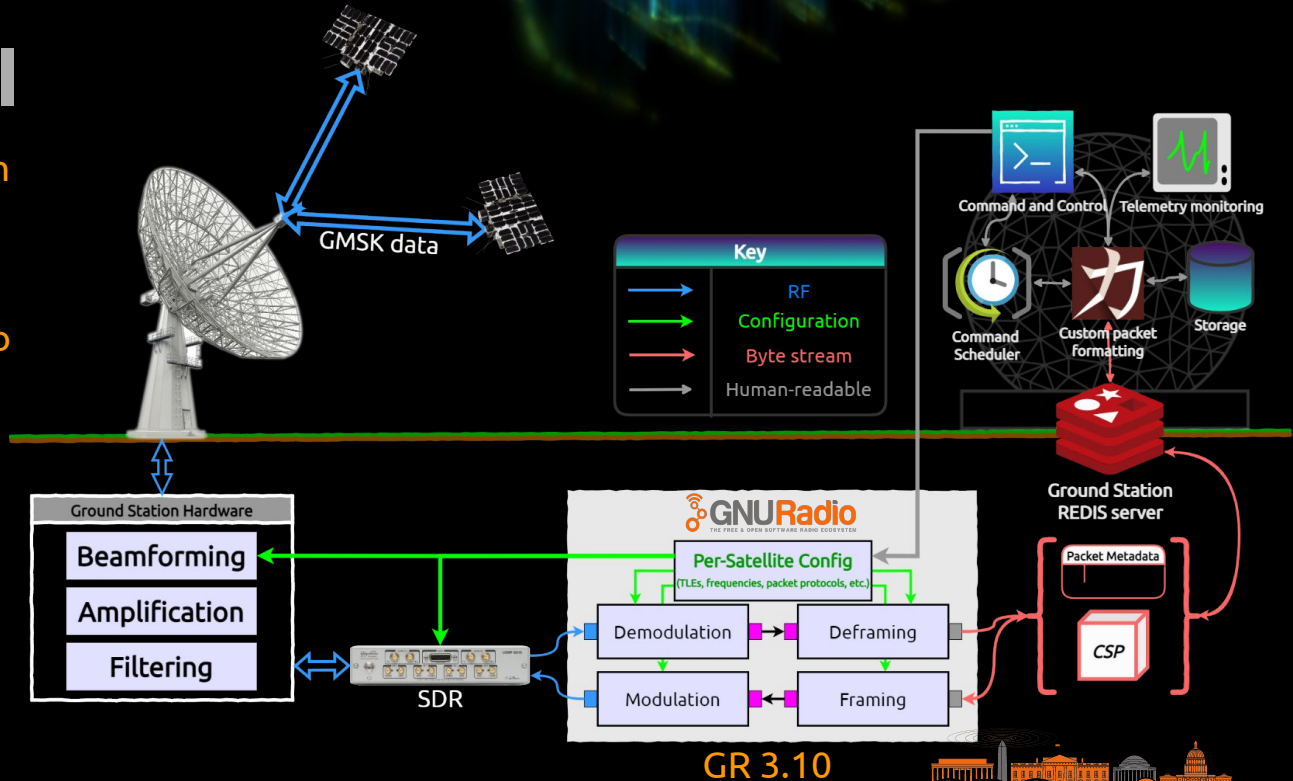
Haystack GSI
Overview

Routing Data
with GNURadio

Future
Development

Haystack GSI

- Will be released as open source software package
- Full stack: from signal to spreadsheet
- Configurable for any satellite or mission
- Keeps critical functions human-readable





**AERO/VISTA
Introduction**

**Ground
Operations**

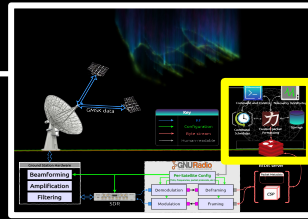
**Haystack GSI
Overview**

**Routing Data
with GNURadio**

**Future
Development**

AERO/VISTA
Introduction

Ground
Operations

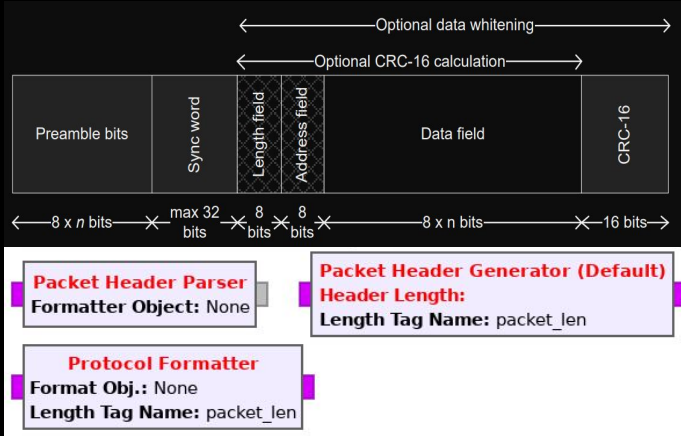


Routing Data
with GNURadio

Future
Development

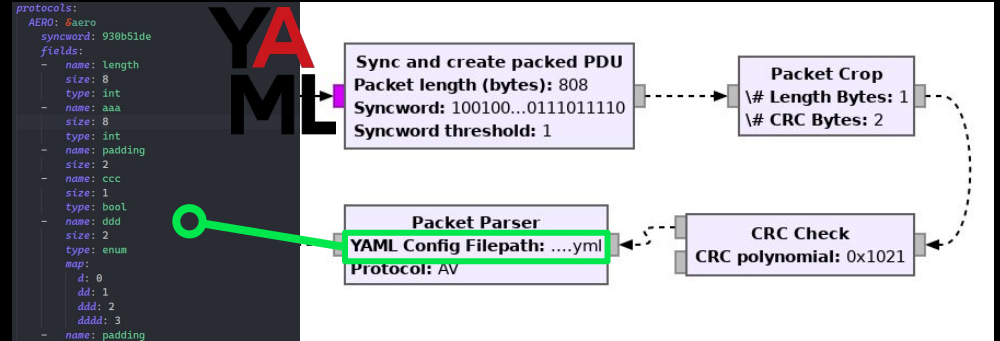
RF Packet processing

How it started



Stream-and-tag based GNURadio packet-parsing blocks

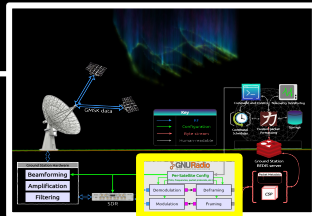
How it's going



Asynchronous PDU-based decoding; philosophy of "one config to rule them all"

AERO/VISTA
Introduction

Ground
Operations

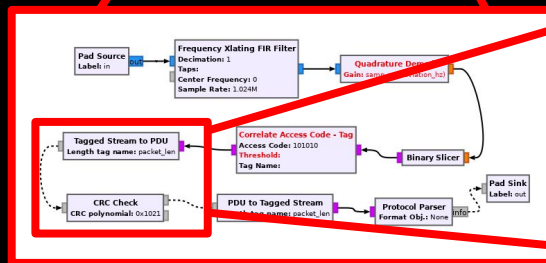


Routing Data
with GNURadio

Future
Development

“Hier out” the low-level functions

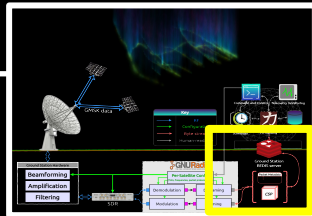
- Previously unwieldy signal processing chains moved into hot-swappable, pre-designed hier blocks
- “Ground station in a box” philosophy: end user should be able to understand minimal signal processing but still be able to up/downlink effectively



```
radios:  
UHF: &uhf  
  source: USRP  
  serial: 3094DF7  
  up: TX/RX  
  down: RX2  
  freq_offset: -75000  
  digital_rf: &drf  
  source: digital_rf  
  up: aero-transmissions  
  down: aero-test-6  
  freq_offset: -75000  
  
channels:  
UHF uplink:  
  radio: *uhf  
  direction: up  
  frequency: 437.7e+6  
  modulation: FSK  
  deviation: 600  
  baudrate: 2400  
  protocol: *na  
UHF downlink:  
  radio: *uhf  
  direction: down
```

AERO/VISTA
Introduction

Ground
Operations



Routing Data
with GNURadio

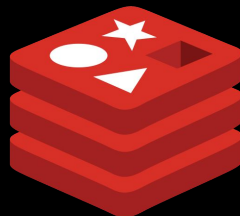
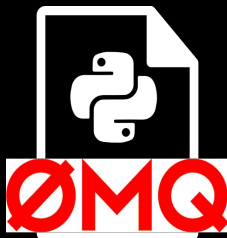
Future
Development

Case Study: REDIS import/export

How it started

How it's going

 **ZMQ PUB Sink**
Address: tcp://1...0.1:50001
Timeout (msec): 100
Pass Tags: No



Redis Controller
ID: redis_controller_0
Host: localhost
Port: 6.379k
db: 0

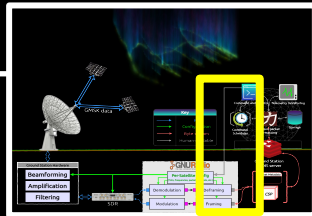
Redis Sink
Redis Controller: None
Stream: None
Add Timestamp: False

Want to have as few "moving parts" as possible



AERO/VISTA
Introduction

Ground
Operations



Routing Data
with GNURadio

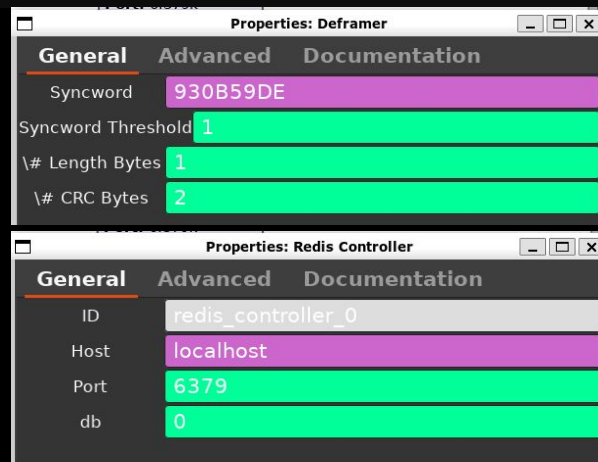
Future
Development

GRC as a Ground Station UI

End goals:

- Program can be run with as little as a few keystrokes
- With a few more clicks, lower level parameters are easily accessible
- Uplink/downlink packets can be routed to different network locations (local redis server, remote host) without dealing with ZMQ or other intermediary transfer protocols: “path of least resistance”
- Hopefully porting everything over to C++ for code efficiency and buffer control

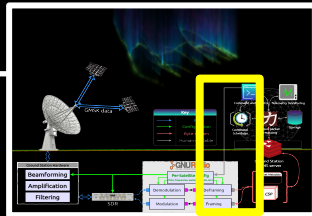
```
~$ gsi.py -c aerovista.yml
```



MIT
HAYSTACK
OBSERVATORY

AERO/VISTA
Introduction

Ground
Operations

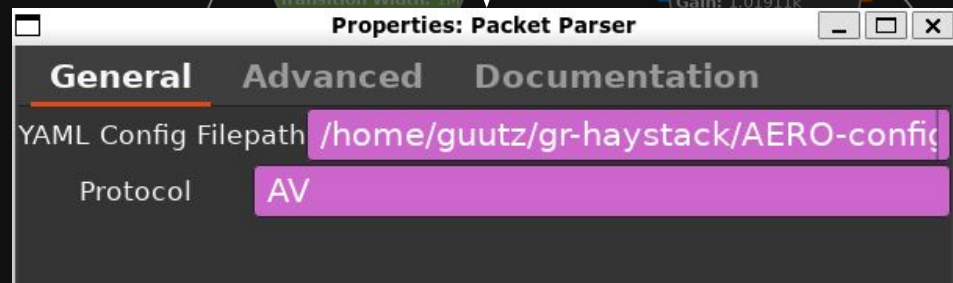
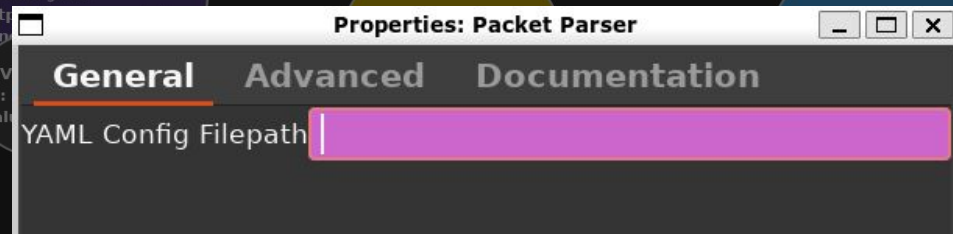


Routing Data
with GNURadio

Future
Development

Extra improvements to GRC

- Dark mode!
- Color- / shape-coded blocks
- Expanded UI and versatility of GRC Blocks
 - Dynamic updating of available options
 - Realtime syncing with a YAML file



MIT
HAYSTACK
OBSERVATORY

Thank you!

Maximilian Riccioli

maximilianriccioli@utexas.edu

REU Grant sponsored by NSF AST-1950348

Michael Gutierrez

magutier@caltech.edu

*Special thanks to Dave Stevenson, Rob Phillips, and Freddy Mora at Caltech
Sponsored by Caltech's Tombrello Prize for Undergraduate Physics Research*

GRCon primary contacts: Neel Pandeya, Marc Lichtman, Joshua Mormon, Derek Kozel

A-V REU 2022 mentors: Mary Knapp, John Swoboda, Ryan Volz, Tobias Gedenk

A-V Principal Investigators: Phil Erickson, Frank Lind [MIT Haystack]

A-V REU 2022 student collaborators: Allen Chang, Alexis Lupo

Grants: AERO: NASA 80NSSC18K1677; VISTA: NASA 80NSSC19K0617



MIT
HAYSTACK
OBSERVATORY



Resources and Further Reading

[AERO: Auroral Emission Radio Observer](#) (2018 Erickson et al.)

[AERO & VISTA: Demonstrating HF Radio Interferometry with Vector Sensors](#) (2019 Lind et al.)

Alan Fenn's *Electromagnetics and Antenna Technology*

[PySDR](#) - A Digital Signal Processing degree in 2 weeks, guaranteed!™

[GitHub - ryanvolz/radioconda: Software radio distribution and installer for conda](#)

[GitHub - jopohl/urh: Universal Radio Hacker: Investigate Wireless Protocols Like A Boss](#)

[GitHub - MITHaystack/digital_rf: Read, write, and interact with data in the Digital RF and Digital Metadata formats](#)

[GitHub - daniestevez/gr-satellites: GNU Radio decoder for Amateur satellites](#)



MIT
HAYSTACK
OBSERVATORY

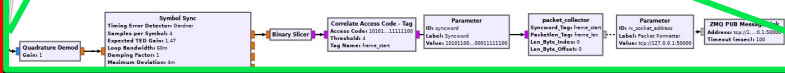


Case Study: REDIS import/export

How it started

```
class RedisUplink:
    """Handles the REDIS stream dedicated to queuing and collecting packets for transmission over the satellite uplink.
    """
    def __init__(self, config):
        """Initializes the RedisUplink with configuration args in a given dictionary.

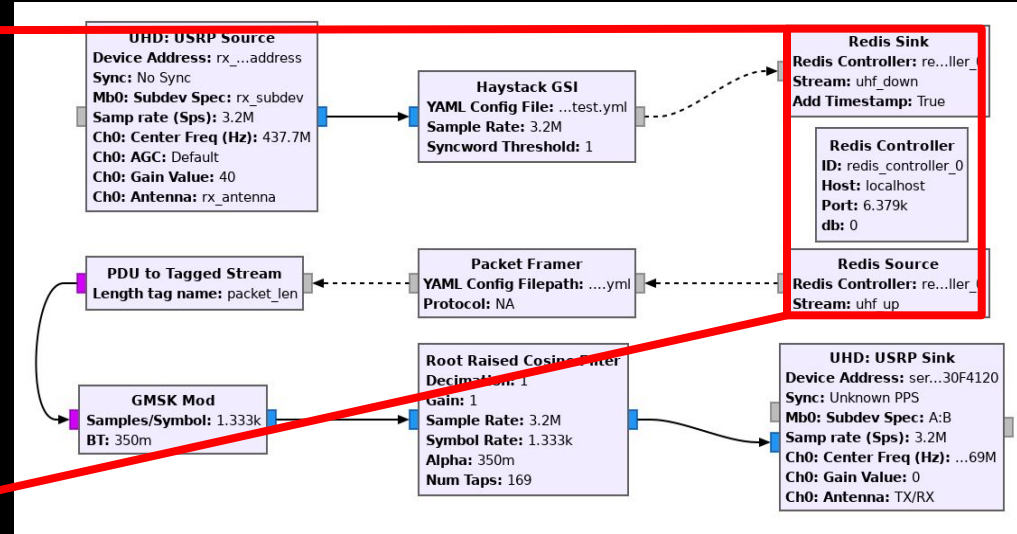
        Args:
            config (dict): must include "host", "port", "db", and "pkt_uplink_stream_name"
        """
        self.r = redis.StrictRedis(config["host"], config["port"], config["db"])
        self.uplink_stream_name = config["pkt_uplink_stream_name"]
        def _receiver_target(in_queue: Queue, out_queue: Queue, config_yaml_path: str):
            config = GroundStation._get_config(config_yaml_path)
            flowgraph = FlowgraphHandler(config["radio"])
            receiver = RadioReceiver(
                config["radio"],
                Deframer(config["radio"])
            )
            downlink = RedisDownlink(config["redis"])
```



Only the basic DSP within GRC:

Python wrapper for flowgraph passes data btwn ZMQ & Ground Station Redis server

How it's going



Hundreds of lines of multiprocessing pycode replaced by a few custom blocks
(and only tens of lines of code to convert btwn redis and PMTs!)

